

See discussions, stats, and author profiles for this publication at: <https://www.researchgate.net/publication/340397482>

# The southernmost distribution of the Rhinoceros Snake, *Gonyosoma boulengeri* (Mocquard, 1897) (Reptile, Squamata, Colubridae), in Vietnam

Article in *Check List* · April 2020

DOI: 10.15560/16.2.337

CITATIONS

0

READS

93

8 authors, including:



**Luan Thanh Nguyen**

Asian Turtle Program - Indo-Mynamar Conservation

33 PUBLICATIONS 126 CITATIONS

[SEE PROFILE](#)



**Daniel Kane**

Zoological Society of London

10 PUBLICATIONS 6 CITATIONS

[SEE PROFILE](#)



**Manh Van Le**

3 PUBLICATIONS 0 CITATIONS

[SEE PROFILE](#)



**Ha Hoang**

Asian Turtle Program

7 PUBLICATIONS 7 CITATIONS

[SEE PROFILE](#)

Some of the authors of this publication are also working on these related projects:



Mountain Chicken Recovery Programme [View project](#)



Assessment of release strategies for confiscated and Endangered Big-headed turtles in Vietnam [View project](#)



# The southernmost distribution of the Rhinoceros Snake, *Gonyosoma boulengeri* (Mocquard, 1897) (Reptile, Squamata, Colubridae), in Vietnam

Luan Thanh Nguyen<sup>1</sup>, Daniel Kane<sup>2</sup>, Manh Van Le<sup>3</sup>, Thang Tai Nguyen<sup>1</sup>, Ha Van Hoang<sup>1</sup>, Timothy E. M. McCormack<sup>1</sup>, Benjamin Tapley<sup>2</sup>, Sang Ngoc Nguyen<sup>4</sup>

**1** Asian Turtle Program - Indo-Myanmar Conservation, R.1806, 18th F., CT1 Bac Ha C14 Building To Huu St., Nam Tu Liem Dist., Ha Noi, Vietnam. **2** Zoological Society of London, Regent's Park, London, NW1 4RY, UK. **3** Danang University of Education, The Danang University, 459 Ton Duc Thang St., Lien Chieu Dist., Danang City, Vietnam. **4** Institute of Tropical Biology, Vietnam Academy of Science and Technology, 85 Tran Quoc Toan St., Dist. 3, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

**Corresponding author:** Luan Thanh Nguyen, [nguyenthluan@asianturtleprogram.org](mailto:nguyenthluan@asianturtleprogram.org)

---

## Abstract

We report the southernmost record of the Rhinoceros Snake, *Gonyosoma boulengeri* (Mocquard, 1897) from Phu Yen Province, southern Vietnam, based on a single specimen collected from forest in the Ca Range. This record extends the distribution of *G. boulengeri* approximately 600 km south of previous records in Vietnam (Quang Binh Province, central Vietnam). A detailed description of a hemipenis is also provided for the first time.

## Keywords

Ca Range, hemipenis, range extension, southern Vietnam.

---

**Academic editor:** Perry L. Wood, Jr. | Received 2 January 2020 | Accepted 8 March 2020 | Published 3 April 2020

**Citation:** Nguyen LT, Kane D, Le MV, Nguyen TT, Hoang HV, McCormack TEM, Tapley B, Nguyen SN (2020) The southernmost distribution of the Rhinoceros Snake, *Gonyosoma boulengeri* (Mocquard, 1897) (Reptile, Squamata, Colubridae), in Vietnam. Check List 16 (2): 337–342. <https://doi.org/10.15560/16.2.337>

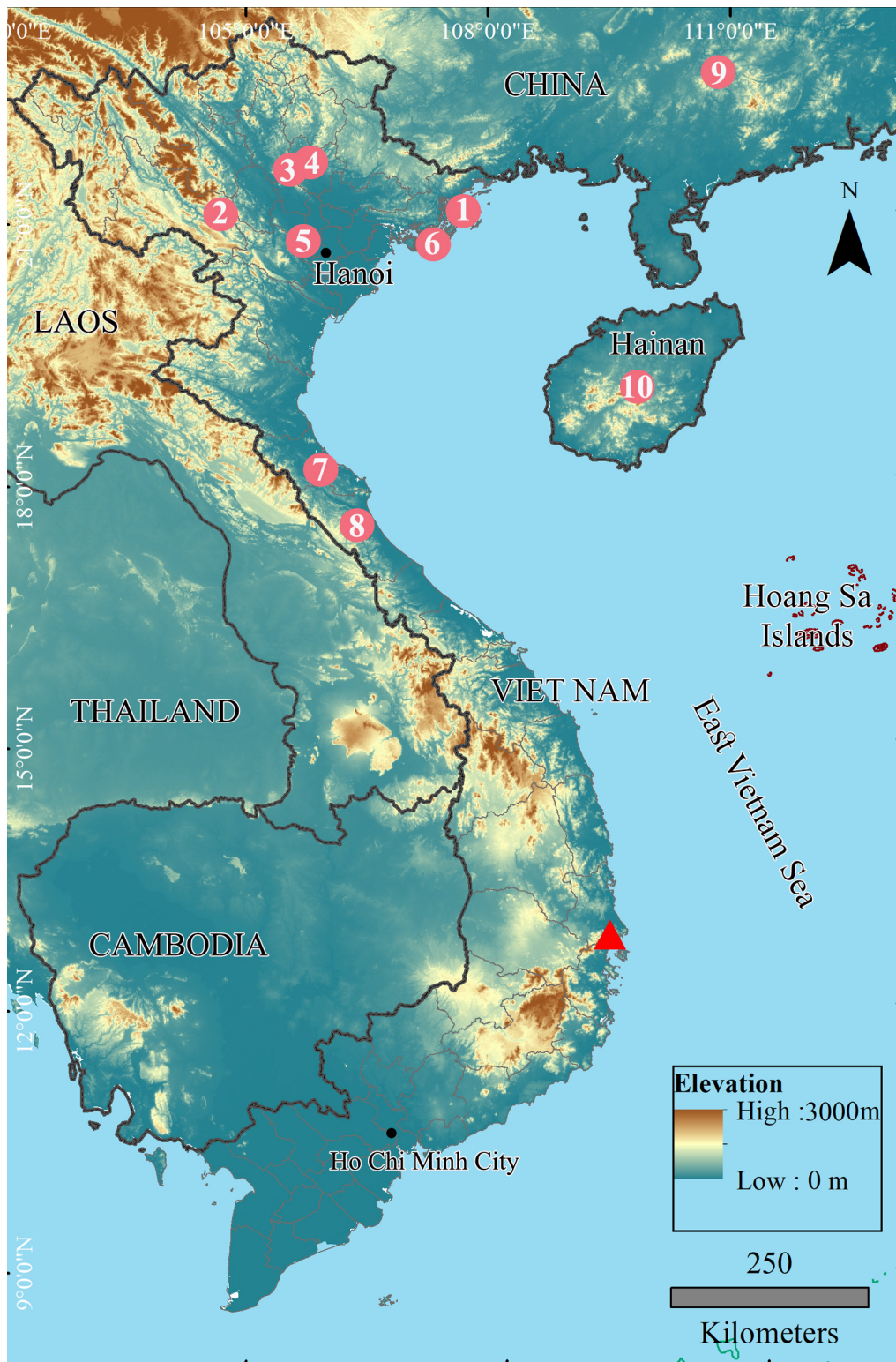
---

## Introduction

The Rhinoceros Snake, *Gonyosoma boulengeri* (Mocquard, 1897), was described from Bai Tu Long, Hai Phong Province, northeast Vietnam (Mocquard 1897). The species has been recorded in Vietnam from Son La, Thai Nguyen, Vinh Phuc, Ha Noi, Quang Ninh, Ha Tinh, and Quang Binh provinces (Nguyen et al. 2009; Luu et al. 2013) and from Guangxi and Hainan provinces in China (Uetz et al. 2020) (Fig. 1). Although this species was described over 120 years ago, the hemipenis of this

species has not been described (Mocquard 1897; Pope 1935; Bourret 1936; Smith 1943).

During a field survey in an evergreen forest in the Ca Range, Phu Yen Province, we collected a road-killed specimen of a colubrid snake with a protruding nasal appendage. Morphological characters of the specimen matched descriptions of *G. boulengeri*. Thus, we provide the southernmost record of the species in Vietnam. In addition, we provided a description of a hemipenis of this species.



**Figure 1.** Map showing distribution localities of *Gonyosoma boulengeri*. The previous localities are marked by pink dots and numbered: 1 = Bai Lu Long (type locality) (Mocquard 1897); 2 = Son La Province, 3 = Vinh Phuc Province, 4 = Thai Nguyen Province, 5 = Ha Noi, 6 = Quang Ninh Province, 7 = Ha Tinh Province (Nguyen et al. 2009); 8 = Quang Binh Province (Luu et al. 2013); 9 = Guangxi Province, and 10 = Hainan Province, China (Uetz et al. 2020). The new record in Phu Yen Province is marked by red triangle.

## Methods

Fieldwork was conducted between 21–30 March 2019 in the Ca Range, Song Hinh Protected Forest, Song Hinh District, Phu Yen Province, southern Vietnam. A freshly road killed specimen was collected, photographed, then

fixed in 95% alcohol for 24 hours and subsequently deposited in the zoological collection of Institute of Tropical Biology (ITBCZ), Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

Measurements of snout to vent length and tail length were taken with a measuring tape to the nearest 1 mm and other measurements were taken with digital calipers

to the nearest 0.1 mm following Nguyen et al. (2017) and Smith (1943). For the hemipenis description we follow the terminology of Dowling and Savage (1960). The left hemipenis was everted to facilitate description, the right one was kept in situ in order to count the caudal plate that the hemipenes reached. Bilateral scale counts were given as right and left.

## Results

**Material examined.** VIETNAM • 1 ♂; Phu Yen Province, Song Dinh District, Song Dinh Commune; Song Dinh Protected Forest; collected on the road in forest near Lanh Stream, Ca Range; 12°47.12'N, 109°02.24'E; alt. 350 m; 25 Mar. 2019; M.V. Le, H.V. Lo, L.T. Nguyen, and T.T. Nguyen leg.; ITBCZ 4506.

**Identification.** An adult male, slightly damaged due to traumatic injury probably caused by a vehicle, body elongated, snout to vent length 750 mm; tail length 324 mm, total length 1074 mm. Head very distinct from neck (head length 40.5 mm, head width 15.7 mm, and head height 11.3 mm); eye slightly larger than interorbital distance (eye length 4.5 mm; interorbital distance 3.8 mm), pupil rounded; the presence of a long pointed nasal appendage covered with small smooth scales (snout length including nasal appendage 10.4 mm); internasal scales much smaller than prefrontal scales; single loreal scale, longer than wide; a single preocular scale and postocular scale in both sides of the head; temporals 2+2/ 2+3; supralabials 9/9, the fourth to sixth supralabial scales in contact with the eye; infralabials 11/11; body scale rows 19-19-13, very weakly keeled; ventral scales with strong angulation laterally, 207 scales; subcaudal scales paired, 122 pairs and angulate laterally, same as the ventrals; cloacal plate divided.

Coloration in life: dorsal surface of head and body olive green, ventral surfaces including the labial scales and underside of head paler green, a yellowish line along lateroventral edge (Fig. 2). In preservative, dorsal surfaces turned to blackish blue and ventral surface turned to whitish blue.

Description of the left everted hemipenis: 28.3 mm in length (measured after eversion), single, subcylindrical organ that extending to the 11th caudal plate; sulcus spermaticus is simple and oblique; the base of the hemipenis ( $\frac{1}{3}$  of the length) naked with differentiated ornamentation; distal  $\frac{1}{3}$  is calyculate, the calyces being small and with papillated edges and decreasing in size at tip; the middle  $\frac{1}{3}$  spinose, the longest spines located at the middle of hemipenis; spines decreasing in length towards the base of the hemipenis (Fig. 3).

Morphological characters of our specimen are broadly congruent with previous descriptions of *Gonyosoma boulengeri* (Smith 1943; Hecht et al. 2013; Luu et al. 2013) except for the ventral scale count, which was 207, fewer than that of 221 from a male specimen found 950 km to the north at Tay Yen Tu nature Reserve in

Bac Giang Province (Hecht et al. 2013), and dorsal scale rows 19-19-13 instead of 19-19-15 (Smith 1943; Hecht et al. 2013)

## Discussion

Our record of *Gonyosoma boulengeri* in Phu Yen Province extends the species' distribution approximately 600 km from the nearest previous record (Phong Nha-Ke Bang National Park, Quang Binh Province, central Vietnam; Luu et al. 2013). In addition, this is the first description of the hemipenis of the species.

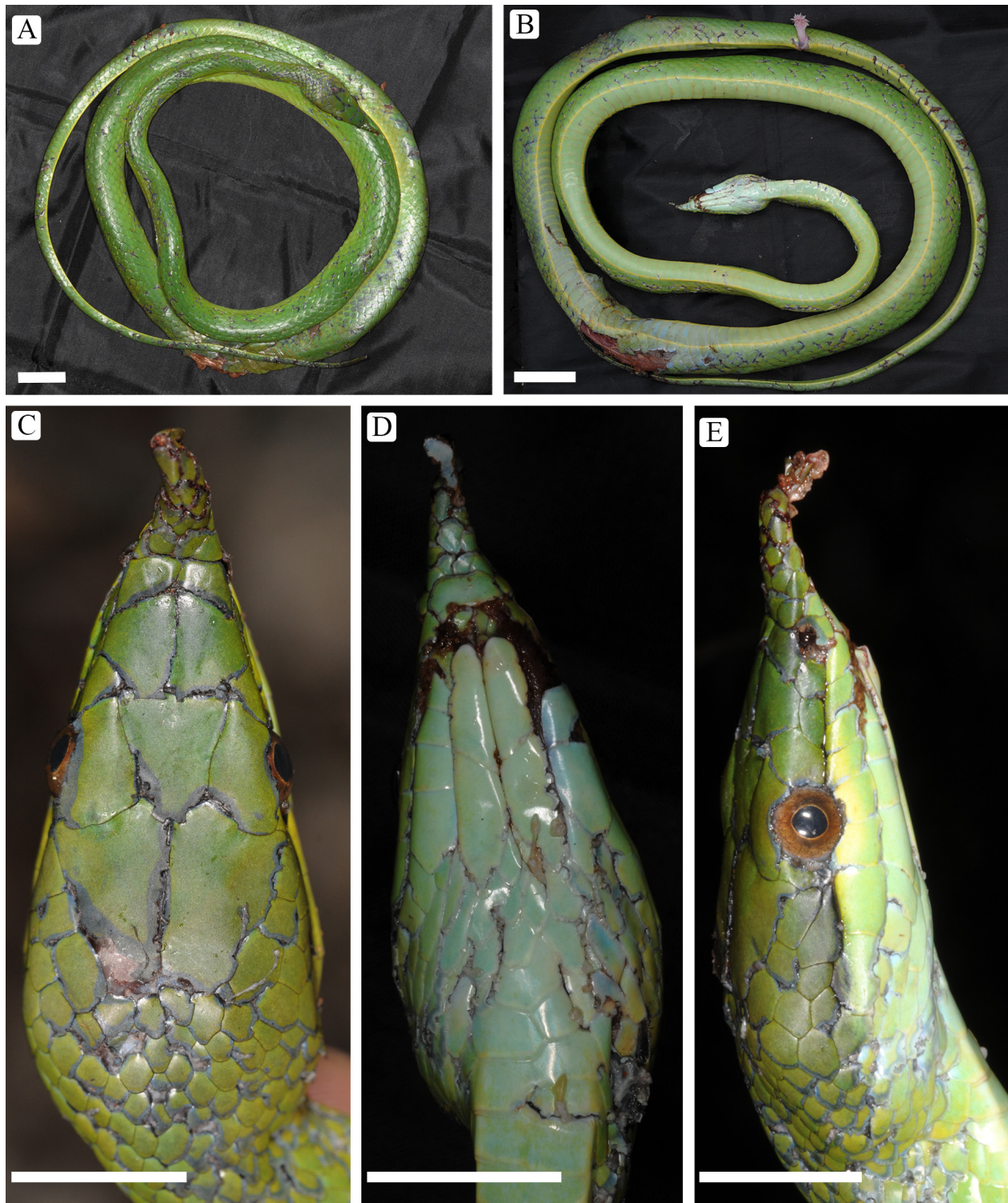
This species is not commonly observed in the wild, but it is commonly maintained by herpetoculturists (Kane et al. 2017). Although our specimen was most probably killed by vehicle on a small trail in the evergreen forest of Song Dinh Protected Forest, it is very far from the nearest village. We believe that it is a wild specimen and not an escaped captive specimen. The forest trail had been constructed by local people to provide access to the forest for hunting and for the collection of forest products (lumber and fruits).

The forest of Ca Range in Phu Yen, Khanh Hoa, and Dak Lak provinces harbours many endemic or recently described species: *Leptobranchella macrops* (Duong, Do, Ngo, Nguyen & Poyarkov, 2018); *Acanthosaura murphyi* Nguyen, Do, Hoang, Nguyen, McCormack, Nguyen, Orlov, Nguyen & Nguyen, 2018; *Cyrtodactylus cuodongensis* Schneider, Phung, Le, Nguyen & Ziegler, 2014; *C. kingsadai* Ziegler, Phung, Le & Nguyen, 2013; and *Cuora picturata* Lehr, Fritz & Obst, 1998 (Uetz et al. 2020). Furthermore, this is the only known location for *Lycodon cardamomensis* Daltry & Wüster, 2002 in Vietnam (Do et al. 2017). Our record of *G. boulengeri* fill the knowledge gap of this regions' herpetofauna and showed that further work is needed to elucidate the actual diversity of the herpetofauna of the Ca Range.

## Acknowledgements

We would like to thank the board of the Phu Yen Province Forest Protection Department, Phu Yen Province Agriculture and Rural Development Department of Phu Yen Province, and Song Dinh Protected Forest for the permission to conduct field work (permit number 410/SNN-CCKL on 21 March 2019). We would like to thank Hong Truong Luu and Bang Van Trang (Southern Institute of Ecology-SIE) for their support; Duy Le, Quang Van To, Dat Quoc Nguyen (SIE), Hung Van Lo (Indo-Myanmar Conservation), and local porters in Song Dinh commune for their assistance in the field. This research is funded by the National Geographic Committee for Research and Exploration (grant #NGS-52753R-18 to Luan Nguyen) and partially by the Vietnam National Foundation for Science and Technology Development (NAFOSTED) under grant number 106.05-2018.307 (for SNN).





**Figure 2.** *Gonyosoma boulengeri* from Phu Yen Province, freshly killed specimen (vehicle collision). **A.** Dorsal view. **B.** Ventral view. **C.** Dorsal view of head. **D.** Ventral view of head. **E.** Lateral view of head. Scale bars: A, B = 20 mm; C–E = 10 mm.

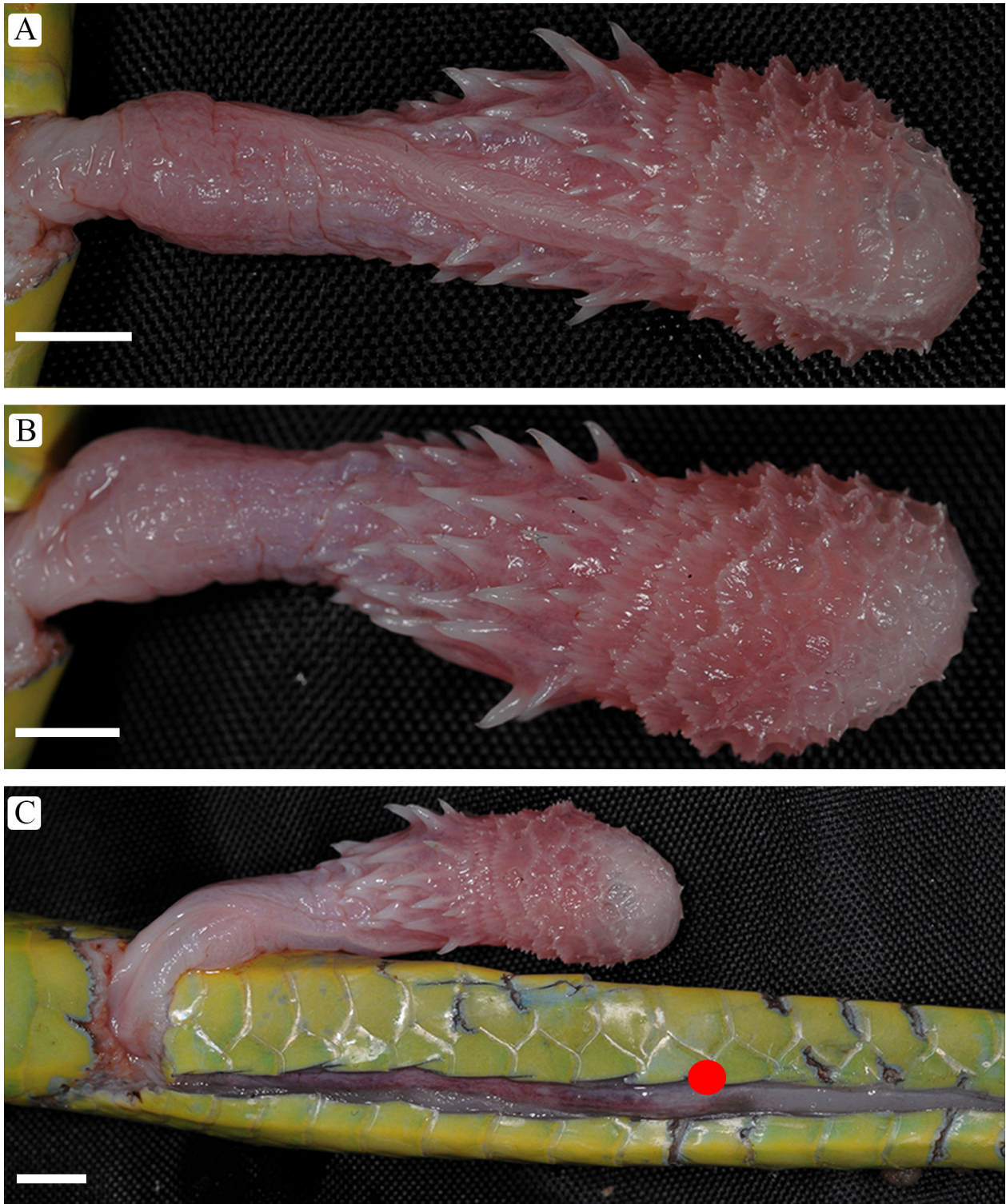
## Authors' Contributions

LTN, MVL, and TTN collected material in the field; LTN and DK wrote the manuscript; HVH, TEMM, BT, and SNN reviewed the manuscript.

## References

- Bourret R (1936) Les serpents de l'Indochine: tome 2. Catalogue systématique descriptif. Henri Basuyau & Cie, Toulouse, France, 505 pp.
- Daltry JC, Wüster W (2002) A new species of wolf snake (Serpentes: Colubridae: *Lycodon*) from the Cardamom Mountains, Southwestern Cambodia. *Herpetologica* 58: 498–504.
- Do DT, Ngo CD, Ziegler T, Nguyen TQ (2017) First record of *Lycodon cardamomensis* Daltry et Wüster, 2002 (Squamata: Colubridae) from Vietnam. *Russian Journal of Herpetology* 24: 167–170. <https://doi.org/10.30906/1026-2296-2019-24-2-167-170>
- Dowling HG, Savage JM (1960) A guide to the snake hemipenis: a survey of basic structure and systematic characteristics. *Zoologica* 45: 17–28.
- Duong TV, Do DT, Ngo CD, Nguyen TQ, Poyarkov NA (2018) A new





**Figure 3.** Fresh left everted hemipenis of *Gonyosoma boulengeri* from Phu Yen Province. **A.** Sulcate view. **B.** Asulcate view. **C.** Hemipenis extend to the 11th subcaudal scale (red dot). Scale bar = 2 mm.

species of the genus *Leptotalax* (Anura: Megophryidae) from southern Vietnam. *Zoological Research* 38: 1–16. <https://doi.org/10.24272/j.issn.2095-8137.2018.009>

Hecht VL, Pham CT, Nguyen TT, Nguyen TQ, Bonkowski M, Ziegler T (2013) First report on the herpetofauna of Tay Yen Tu Nature Reserve, northeastern Vietnam. *Biodiversity Journal* 4: 507–552.

Kane D, Gill I, Harding L, Capon J, Franklin M, Servini F, Tapley B, Michaels C (2017) Captive husbandry and breeding of *Gonyosoma boulengeri*. *Herpetological Bulletin* 139: 7–11.

Lehr E, Fritz U, Obst F (1998) *Cuora galbinifrons picturata* subsp. nov., eine neue Unterart der Hinterindischen Scharnierschild-

kröte. *Herpetofauna* 20: 5–11.

Luu V, Nguyen T, Pham C, Dang K, Vu T, Miskovic S, Bonkowski M, Ziegler T (2013) No end in sight? Further new records of amphibians and reptiles from Phong Nha–Ke Bang National Park, Quang Binh Province, Vietnam. *Biodiversity Journal* 4: 285–300.

Mocquard F (1897) Notes herpétologiques. *Bulletin du Muséum d’Histoire Naturelle* 3: 211–217. <https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.part.19256>

Nguyen LT, Do DT, Hoang VH, Nguyen TT, McCormack TEM, Nguyen TQ, Orlov NL, Nguyen DHV, Nguyen SN (2018) A new species of the genus *Acanthosaura* Gray, 1831 (Reptilia: Agam-

- idae) from Central Vietnam. *Russian Journal of Herpetology* 25: 259–274.
- Nguyen SN, Nguyen LT, Nguyen VDH, Phan HT, Jiang K, Murphy RW (2017) A new species of the genus *Oligodon* Fitzinger, 1826 (Squamata: Colubridae) from Cu Lao Cham Islands, central Vietnam. *Zootaxa* 4286: 333–346. <https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4286.3.2>
- Nguyen SV, Ho CT, Nguyen TQ (2009) *Herpetofauna of Vietnam*. Edition chimaira, Frankfurt am Main, 768 pp.
- Pope CH (1935) *The reptiles of China*. Turtles, crocodilians, snakes, lizards. American Museum of Natural History, New York, 606 pp. <https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.title.12104>.
- Schneider N, Phung TM, Le MD, Nguyen TQ, Ziegler T (2014) A new *Cyrtodactylus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Khanh Hoa Province, southern Vietnam. *Zootaxa* 3785: 518–532. <https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3785.4.2>
- Smith MA (1943) *The fauna of British India, Ceylon and Burma, including the whole of the Indo-Chinese sub-region, Reptilia and Amphibia*. 3 (Serpentes). Taylor and Francis, London, xii+ 583 pp.
- Uetz P, Freed P, Hošek J (2020) *The reptile database*. <http://www.reptile-database.org>. Accessed on: 2020-02-05
- Ziegler T, Phung TM, Le MD, Nguyen TQ (2013) A new *Cyrtodactylus* (Squamata: Gekkonidae) from Phu Yen Province, southern Vietnam. *Zootaxa* 3686: 432–446. <https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3686.4.2>